

XSLT 3.0 Testbed

Tony Graham
Mentea
13 Kelly's Bay Beach
Skerries, Co Dublin
Ireland
info@mentea.net
<http://www.mentea.net>

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XSLT 3.0 testbed

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- What?
- How?
- Why?
- Results so far
- Next steps

What? How?

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- Trying out new XSLT 3.0 features
- Converting existing JATS stylesheets to XSLT 3.0

Why?

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- Early start on patterns and idioms to help adoption
- Find infelicities in spec (and implementations)
- The time is right
 - Project started November 2013
 - XSLT 3.0 Last Call WD – 12 December 2013

W3C Process

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- End game for a W3C spec:
 - Last Call
 - Candidate Recommendation
 - Proposed Recommendation
 - Recommendation
- Changes after “Last Call” require more documentation and substantiation

What is JATS?

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- Journal Article Tag Suite
- Successor to “National Library of Medicine (NLM) Journal Archiving and Interchange Tag Suite”
- Over 2 million articles in PubMed Central (in 2011)
- Used by journal publishers and archives around the world
- Nature announced two Open Access journals in January 2014
- Used by Public Library of Science (PLOS)

JATS Samples

Atenolol Induced HDL-C Change in the Pharmacogenomic Evaluation of Antihypertensive Responses (PEAR) Study

Caitlin W. McDonough¹, Nancy K. Gillis¹, Abdullah Alkhatib¹, Shih-Hsin Chang¹, Maria Kawaguchi-Suzuki¹, Jason E. Lang¹, Mohamed Hosain A. Shalabi¹, Thomas W. Buford¹, Mihai M. El Rouby¹, Ana C. Sil¹, Tahmina T. Langner¹, John G. Gossard¹, Adnan S. Chohan¹, Rhonda K. Cooper-Dehaes¹, Stephen T. Turner¹, Yan Geang¹, Julie A. Johnson¹

Abstract

We sought to identify novel pharmacogenetic markers for HDL-C response to atenolol in participants with mild to moderate hypertension. The principal 750 SNPs significantly from the Pharmacogenomic Evaluation of Antihypertensive Responses (PEAR) study (N = 88,000) were analyzed. Using JATS, participants were stratified by ancestry, sex, and hypertension severity. Blood pressure and cholesterol levels were analyzed at baseline and treatment. The data revealed a significant association between HDL-C response and the rs1044397 SNP. This SNP is located on Chromosome 10p11.23 and is in linkage disequilibrium with rs1044398, rs1044399, and rs1044400. The rs1044397 SNP was identified in 13 regions with linkage disequilibrium with other SNPs and associated with HDL-C response. The rs1044397 SNP was associated with HDL-C response in the African population (P = 0.0002) and in the European population (P = 0.0002). The rs1044397 SNP was associated with HDL-C response in the African population (P = 0.0002) and in the European population (P = 0.0002). The rs1044397 SNP was associated with HDL-C response in the African population (P = 0.0002) and in the European population (P = 0.0002).

The N-SSATS Report March 24, 2011: Differences and Similarities between Urban and Rural Outpatient Substance Abuse Treatment Facilities

In brief

- The smallest disparities in the provision of ancillary supportive services between rural and urban outpatient facilities involved assistance with obtaining social services (52 vs. 54 percent), domestic violence—family or partner services (38 vs. 41 percent), and child care for clients' children (5 vs. 15 percent); the largest disparities involved medication support (31 vs. 51 percent), self-help groups (29 vs. 47 percent), and employment counseling or training for clients (29 vs. 45 percent).
- Compared with rural outpatient facilities, urban outpatient facilities were more likely to provide HIV or AIDS education, counseling, or support (83 vs. 43 percent), health education other than HIV/AIDS (58 vs. 38 percent), or early intervention for HIV (34 vs. 15 percent).
- Rural outpatient facilities were more likely than urban outpatient facilities to provide mental health services (66 vs. 38 percent) and were equally likely to provide case management services (80 percent each).

Increasing access to behavioral health care for residents in rural areas is a public health priority aimed at decreasing existing disparities between urban and rural communities. While it is generally accepted that access to quality care is not equally distributed across the United States, there is little national-level research that provides data on the geographical distribution of substance abuse treatment facilities and the services that these facilities provide. In order to fill this gap, this report presents national-level data on the geographic distribution of outpatient substance abuse treatment facilities and the services provided by the facilities located in the most urban and most rural areas. Data from the 2009 National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS), an annual census of all known facilities in the United States, both public and private, that provide substance abuse treatment, are used in this report. Approximately 10,900 of the 13,813 substance abuse treatment facilities that responded to the 2009 N-SSATS offered outpatient services. These facilities (hereafter referred to as "outpatient facilities") are the subject of this report.

In order to identify rural and urban areas, U.S. counties and county equivalents were assigned to one of five urbanization levels according to the classification scheme developed by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) in 2005. Over one fourth (26 percent) of outpatient facilities were located in the most urban areas (large central metropolitan areas), and 18 percent were located in large

Why JATS?

- Simpler than, e.g., DocBook or TEI
- Not a toy
- Potentially useful to authors and archives
- Existing XSLT stylesheets available

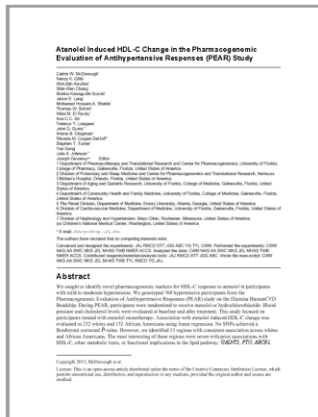
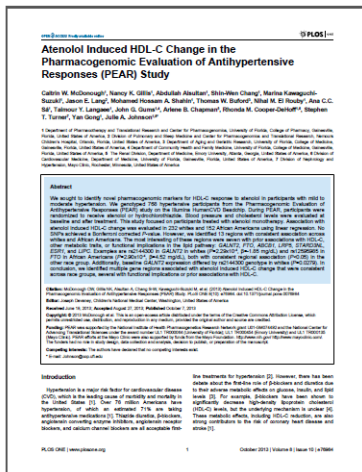
JATSPreviewStylesheets

<https://github.com/NCBITools/JATSPreviewStylesheets>

- XSLT 1.0
 - Easy for new contributors to add XSLT 2.0-isms
- Public domain
 - No copyright issues
 - XSLT 3.0 stylesheets also public domain
- Explicitly not supporting gazillion customisation parameters, PIs, etc.
 - Simpler processing
 - Fewer user expectations

Explicitly not supporting customisation

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xslt3testbed goals

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- Trial different techniques
- Develop patterns and idioms
- Develop XSLT 3.0 package for XHTML tables
 - `xsl:package` new in XSLT 3.0
 - XHTML tables used in many document types

xslt3testbed non-goals

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- Single best way of doing anything
 - Multiple ways to solve the same problem are okay
- Definitive XSLT 3.0 testbed
 - It's easy to fork and make your own version
- Complete stylesheet for all of JATS
 - Existing stylesheets don't cover everything yet either

Results so far

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- Trying out maps, anonymous functions, and `xsl:iterate`
- Small advances in multiple areas
- Not expecting to find a meteorite

6 W3C Bugzilla bu^H tickets so far 13

ID	Product	Comp	Assignee	Status	Resolution	Summary	Changed
24207	XPath /	XSLT 3.0	mike	NEW	---	XPath-level element and attribute constructors for use in anonymous functions	Mon 11:14
24199	XPath /	XPath 3.	jonathan.robie	ASSI	---	[XP30] No 'FunctionBody' production in body of spec?	2014-01-31
24200	XPath /	XPath 3.	jonathan.robie	RESO	WONT	"as" SequenceType' vs 'TypeDeclaration' in XPath/XQuery 3.0?	2014-01-07
23118	XPath /	Function	mike	RESO	FIXE	'v' in fn:id	2013-09-01
23944	XPath /	XSLT 3.0	mike	RESO	FIXE	xsl:package/xsl:expose position	2014-01-28
22992	XPath /	XSLT 3.0	mike	CLOS	FIXE	Attribute sets provide attribute instructions	2013-12-10

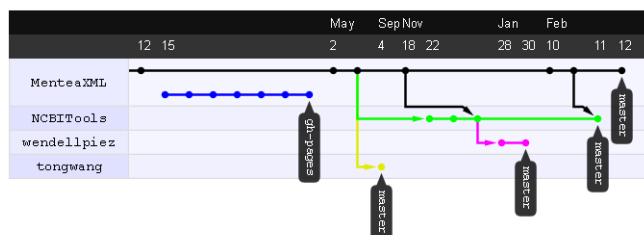
6 bugs found.

4 JATSPreviewStylesheets patches so far 14

The JATSPreviewStylesheets network graph

All branches in the network using MenteaXML/JATSPreviewStylesheets as the reference point.

[Show Help](#)



Other results 15

- One XSLT processor bug
- One change to Wendell Piez's JATS Oxygen plug-in
- Technique for hosting Oxygen plugins on GitHub

Pre-release

v0.0.2
e7d142a

Release test 2

tkg released this an hour ago · 1 commit to master since this release

Source code (zip)

Source code (tar.gz)

xsl:attribute-set vs map of functions

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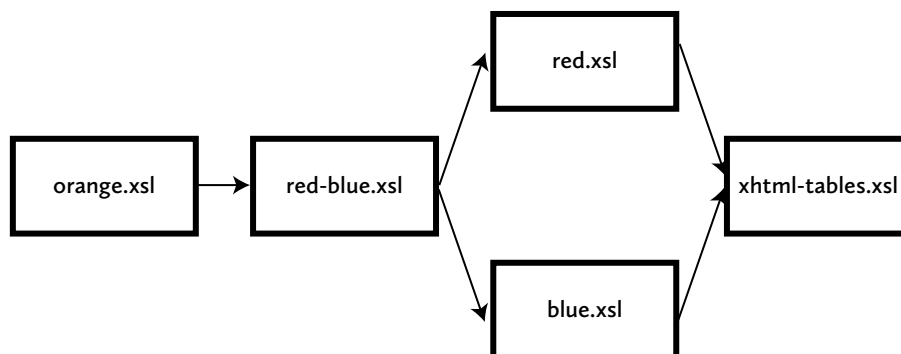
- Compare `xsl:attribute-set` to map of functions
- Two tables with red table head text and blue table body text
- One with `<table style="orange">`

<p>1 head cell, 1 body cell.</p> <p>Head</p> <p>Body</p>
<p>I want to be orange.</p> <p>Head</p> <p>Body</p>

Stylesheets

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- `orange.xsl` - Handles `table[@style eq 'orange']`
- `red-blue.xsl` - Imports others
- `red.xsl` - Red header text
- `blue.xsl` - Blue body text
- `xhtml-tables.xsl` - Base table stylesheet



xsl:attribute-set

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```

<xsl:attribute-set name="thead">
  <xsl:attribute name="color" select="'red'" />
</xsl:attribute-set>
  
```

- Since XSLT 1.0
- Generate named sets of attributes
- Evaluate `xsl:attribute` declaration in current context
- Multiple `xsl:attribute-set` with same name aggregate
- Refer to with `@use-attribute-sets` or `@xsl:use-attribute-sets`

xsl:attribute-set has current context

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```
<xsl:attribute-set name="fig">
  <xsl:attribute name="id" select="generate-id()" />
</xsl:attribute-set>
```

- Different value for every context
- Can also call templates and functions inside xsl:attribute

xsl:attribute-set and the tables

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- Attribute set for each element type, e.g., thead
- Using *only* those attribute sets, can't do one table with orange style

1 head cell, 1 body cell.

Head

Body

I want to be orange.

Head

Body

Map of functions

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- Element names as key, function to apply as value
- Context passed as function parameter

```
<xsl:template match="thead">
  <xsl:next-match>
    <xsl:with-param
      name="table-functions"
      as="map(xs:string, function(element()) as attribute(*))"
      select="map {
        'thead' := function($context as element()) as attribute()* {
          x3tb:attribute('color', 'red')
        }
      }"
      tunnel="yes" />
  </xsl:next-match>
</xsl:template>
```

(x3tb:attribute() is XSLT function containing xsl:attribute)

Map of functions and the tables

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- Import precedence and using `xsl:next-match` misses effect from `red.xsl`
- Could work around with this example, but harder in large system
- Possible work with map of sequence of functions or modifying of result of lower-precedence templates

1 head cell, 1 body cell.	
Head	
Body	
I want to be orange.	
Head	
Body	

`xsl:attribute-set` vs map of functions

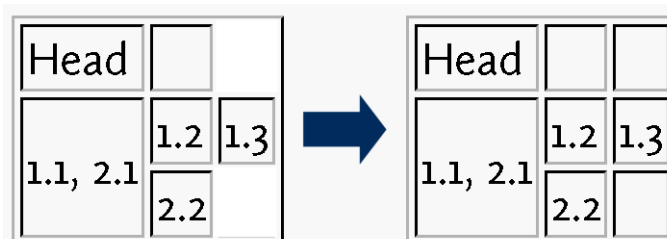
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- `xsl:attribute-set`:
 - Aggregating `xsl:attribute-set` across modules “just works”
 - Need other mechanism for per-element customisations
 - Can’t “turn off” an attribute, only override
- Map of functions:
 - Can do per-element overrides
 - More work for XSLT developer than `xsl:attribute-set`
 - Aggregating across modules and overriding templates needs more thought
 - Map of sequence of functions could be interesting
 - Is it just reinventing typeswitch?

XHTML tables and `xsl:iterate`

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- Insert `<td/>` in gaps in table
- Consider rowspans
- Use `xsl:iterate`



Three column table, some cells missing

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```
<table border="1">
  <colgroup>
    <col align="left" span="1"/>
    <col align="left" span="1"/>
    <col align="left" span="1"/>
  </colgroup>
  <thead>
    <tr>
      <td rowspan="1" colspan="1">Head</td>
      <td rowspan="1" colspan="1"></td>
      <td rowspan="1" colspan="1"></td>
    </tr>
  </thead>
  <tbody>
    <tr>
      <td rowspan="2" colspan="1">1.1, 2.1</td>
      <td rowspan="1" colspan="1">1.2</td>
      <td rowspan="1" colspan="1">1.3</td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td rowspan="1" colspan="1">2.2</td>
      <td rowspan="1" colspan="1"></td>
      <td rowspan="1" colspan="1"></td>
    </tr>
  </tbody>
</table>
```

xsl:iterate

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- Sequential processing of a sequence
- “many XSLT users find writing recursive functions to be a difficult skill, and this construct promises to be easier to learn”
- “[S]hould be more amenable to optimization”

xsl:iterate

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```
<xsl:iterate
  select = expression >
  <!-- Content: (xsl:param*, sequence-constructor,
                xsl:on-completion?) -->
</xsl:iterate>
```

- Parameters just like xsl:for-each/xsl:param

xsl:on-completion

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```
<xsl:on-completion
  select? = expression >
  <!-- Content: (sequence-constructor) -->
</xsl:on-completion>
```

- Last within xsl:iterate
- Additional (or only) result from xsl:iterate

xsl:break, xsl:next-iteration

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```
<xsl:break
  select? = expression >
  <!-- Content: (sequence-constructor) -->
</xsl:break>
```

- “Last” within xsl:iterate
- Break out of xsl:iterate

```
<xsl:next-iteration>
  <!-- Content: (xsl:with-param*) -->
</xsl:next-iteration>
```

- “Last” within xsl:iterate
- Modify some or all parameters for next iteration
- If no xsl:iterate, parameters not changed

When is “last”?

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- Last in xsl:iterate
- Last in last:
 - xsl:if
 - xsl:when
 - xsl:otherwise
 - xsl:catch
 - xsl:try
 - I.e., in “tail position” of element in tail position of ...
- So, conditionally set/change parameters in a “last” xsl:if or xsl:choose

Applying xsl:iterate to table

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- xsl:iterate over <tr> in <thead, <tbody>, <tfoot>
- Inner xsl:iterate over <th> and <td> in <tr>
- Keep map of columns and remaining rowspan for the column
- Update map in inner xsl:iterate for each <th> or <td>
- Emit <td/> if more columns than cells

xsl:iterate in action

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```

<xsl:template match="thead | tbody | tfoot">
  <xsl:param name="col-map" as="map(xs:integer, element(col))" />
  <xsl:variable name="cell-map"
    select="map:new(for $i in 1 to count(map:keys($col-map))
      return map:entry($i, 0))"
    as="map(xs:integer, xs:integer)" />
  <xsl:copy>
    <xsl:apply-templates select="@*" mode="table-copy"/>
    <xsl:iterate select="tr">
      <xsl:param name="cell-map" select="$cell-map"
        as="map(xs:integer, xs:integer)" />
      <xsl:message select="('row', count(map:keys($cell-map)))"/>
      <xsl:variable name="content" as="item()+">
        <xsl:iterate select="1 to count(map:keys($cell-map))">
          <xsl:param name="colnum"
            select="1"
            as="xs:integer" />
          <xsl:param name="cell-map"
            select="$cell-map"
            as="map(xs:integer, xs:integer)" />
          <xsl:param name="cells" select="*" as="element()*" />
          <xsl:message select="map:get($cell-map, .)"/>

```

Code, continued

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```

<xsl:choose>
  <xsl:when test="map:get($cell-map,.) > 0">
    <xsl:message select="'rowspanned'"/>
    <xsl:next-iteration>
      <xsl:with-param
        name="colnum" select="$colnum + 1" as="xs:integer" />
      <xsl:with-param
        name="cell-map"
        select="map:new(($cell-map,
          map:entry(., map:get($cell-map,.) - 1)))"
        as="map(xs:integer, xs:integer)" />
    </xsl:next-iteration>
  </xsl:when>
  <xsl:when test="empty($cells)">
    <xsl:message select="'no cell'"/>
    <td/>
    <xsl:next-iteration>
      <xsl:with-param name="colnum" select="$colnum + 1"/>
    </xsl:next-iteration>
  </xsl:when>

```

Code, continued

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```

<xsl:otherwise>
  <xsl:message select="concat('cell: ',
                              $cells[1],
                              ' '; rowspan: ',
                              string($cells[1]/@rowspan)"/>
  <xsl:apply-templates select="$cells[1]" />
<xsl:next-iteration>
  <xsl:with-param
    name="colnum" select="$colnum + 1" as="xs:integer" />
  <xsl:with-param name="cell-map"
    select="map:new(($cell-map,
                    map:entry(., xs:integer(($cells[1]/@rowspan, 1)
[1] - 1)))"/>
  <xsl:with-param name="cells" select="$cells[position() > 1]"/>
</xsl:next-iteration>
</xsl:otherwise>
</xsl:choose>
<xsl:on-completion>
  <xsl:sequence select="$cell-map" />
</xsl:on-completion>
</xsl:iterate>
</xsl:variable>

```

Code, continued

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```

<xsl:copy>
  <xsl:apply-templates select="@*" mode="table-copy"/>
  <xsl:sequence select="$content[position() != last()]" />
</xsl:copy>
<xsl:next-iteration>
  <xsl:with-param name="cell-map"
    select="$content[last()]" />
</xsl:next-iteration>
</xsl:iterate>
</xsl:copy>
</xsl:template>

```

xsl:iterate issues

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- Less readable (IMO) than recursive templates or functions
- Returning map in `xsl:on-completion` of inner `xsl:iterate`
 - Buffering result of `<tr>` just to use `last()` to get map
 - Maybe split map calculation and `<tr>` processing or use `xsl:accumulator`?
- Not sure why there's no `xsl:sort` with `xsl:iterate`

Idioms

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- “manner of expression characteristic of or peculiar to a language”
- Every language, human or computer, has them
- Different in different versions of XSLT

XSLT 1.0 – Meunchian grouping

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- Developed by Steve Meunch
- Because XSLT 1.0 didn't do grouping ... now forgotten?

```
<xsl:key name="contacts-by-surname"
  match="contact" use="surname" />
<xsl:template match="records">
  <xsl:for-each select="contact[count(. |
                                key('contacts-by-surname',
                                    surname) [1]) = 1]">
    <xsl:sort select="surname" />
    <xsl:value-of select="surname" />,<br />
    <xsl:for-each select="key('contacts-by-surname',
                              surname)">
      <xsl:sort select="forename" />
      <xsl:value-of select="forename" /> (
      <xsl:value-of select="title" />)<br />
    </xsl:for-each>
  </xsl:for-each>
</xsl:template>
```

XSLT 2.0 – xsl:choose shortcuts

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- XSLT 1.0

```
<fo:table-cell>
  <xsl:attribute name="text-align">
    <xsl:choose>
      <xsl:when test="@align">
        <xsl:value-of select="@align"/>
      </xsl:when>
      <xsl:otherwise>from-table-column()</xsl:otherwise>
    </xsl:choose>
  </xsl:attribute>
</fo:table-cell>
```

- XPath 2.0 if

```
<fo:table-cell
  text-align="{if (exists(@align))
               then @align
               else 'from-table-column()}'">
```

- XPath 2.0 sequence constructor

```
<fo:table-cell text-align="{(@align, 'from-table-column()')[1]}">
```

XSLT 3.0 – ????

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Predicting...

- Common, safe streaming constructs
- Higher-order functions and named function references
 - XSLT 2.0:

```
if (@firstpage eq 0)
  then floor($totalPagesDecimal)
  else ceiling($totalPagesDecimal)
```

- XSLT 3.0 (and validating processor only?):

```
(floor#1,ceiling#1)[@firstpage + 1]($totalPagesDecimal)
```


Conclusion

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<https://github.com/MenteaXML/xslt3testbed>

- The time is right
- Useful in multiple arenas
- Go fork and multiply

References

42

- slide 4 – W3C Process Document
<http://www.w3.org/2005/10/Process-20051014/tr.html>
- slide 5 – NISO Z39.96 The Journal Article Tag Suite (JATS): What Happened to the NLM DTDs?
<http://quod.lib.umich.edu/j/jep/3336451.0014.106/--niso-z3996-the-journal-article-tag-suite-jats-what-happened?rgn=main;view=fulltext>
- slide 13 – Bugs so far
https://www.w3.org/Bugs/Public/buglist.cgi?email1=tgraham%40mentea.net&emailreporter1=1&emailtype1=substring&product=XPath%20%2F%20XQuery%20%2F%20XSLT&query_format=advanced
- slide 18 – xsl:attribute-set
<http://www.w3.org/TR/xslt-30/#attribute-sets>

References

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- slide 26 – xsl:iterate
<http://www.w3.org/TR/xslt-30/#iterate>
- slide 37 – idiom
<http://www.thefreedictionary.com/idiom>
- slide 40 – Functional XPath commands
<http://x-query.com/pipermail/talk/2014-January/004379.html>

Appendix A

About

Tony Graham 19

Mentea 19

Tony Graham

Tony Graham has been working with markup since 1991, with XML since 1996, and with XSLT/XSL-FO since 1998. He is Chair of the Print and Page Layout Community Group at the W3C and previously an invited expert on the W3C XML Print and Page Layout Working Group (XPPL) defining the XSL-FO specification, as well as an acknowledged expert in XSLT, developer of the open source xmlroff XSL formatter, a committer to both the XSpec and Juxy XSLT testing frameworks, the author of “Unicode: A Primer”, a member of the XML Guild, and a qualified trainer.

Tony’s career in XML and SGML spans Japan, USA, UK, and Ireland, working with data in English, Chinese, Japanese, and Korean, and with academic, automotive, publishing, software, and telecommunications applications. He has also spoken about XML, XSLT, XSL-FO, EPUB, and related technologies to clients and conferences in North America, Europe, and Australia.

Mentea

Mentea specialises in consulting and training in XML, XSL-FO, & XSLT. We are available for on-site meetings and classes, worldwide, but as well as on-site meetings and classes, we routinely keep in touch with clients though email, Skype, instant messaging, and telephone and through a secure, per-client or per-project wiki, revision-control, and issue-tracking system.

Our staff have been working with markup since 1991, with XML since 1996, and with XSLT/XSL-FO since 1998. Based in Dublin, Ireland, Mentea has a global reach: in recent projects, we have helped companies and organisations in the USA, Ireland, England, and France with their XSLT, XSL, and XML, including:

- Writing Schematron for a professional body
- Augmenting a XSLT-based automated schema documentation system that produces both HTML and PDF
- Extending FOP for a software company
- Training in XML, oXygen, DocBook, XSLT 2.0, and XSL-FO
- Formatting JATS to PDF for a scientific journal
- Writing XSLT stylesheets to convert non-XML into XML then into EPUB
- Writing XSLT to convert Excel into XML for a commercial bank

Mentea presents a unique range of skills extending beyond XML and XSL-FO/XSLT into Unicode, SGML, DSSSL, and programming in C, Java, Perl, Lisp, and other languages.

We understand how markup works. Our staff has worked with markup in Japan, USA, UK, and Ireland as user, consultant, and developer, with data in English, French, Chinese, Japanese, and Korean, with academic, automotive, publishing, software, and telecommunications applications, and in the Web Services and document processing arenas.

We are also interested in applying the tools for ensuring software quality – unit testing, code coverage, profiling, and other tools – to XML and XSLT/XSL-FO processing.

Through our associations and affiliations with other consultants around the world, we can call on extra help for large or specialised projects.



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